

Coolamon Local Environmental Plan 2011

Planning Proposal:

- Rezone Land in Coolamon to IN2 Light Industrial Zone
- Amend Clause 5.4 to Decrease the Potential Maximum Floor Area for 'Secondary Dwellings'
- Insert a New Model LEP Clause to permit subdivision in Rural Zones for certain permitted uses.

NOVEMBER 2019

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Part 1 – Objectives

The Planning Proposal is seeking to amend the Coolamon LEP 2011 as follows;

Item 1: Rezone land in Coolamon for light industrial development and insert a land use table for the IN2 Light Industrial Zone.

Item 2: Amend Clause 5.4 to reduce the floor space applied to *secondary dwellings*.

Insert new Model clause to enable the subdivision of land in rural areas to create lots for permissible uses, other than for the purpose of a dwelling house or dual occupancy.

Part 2 – Explanation of the Provisions

To achieve the objectives outlined in Part 1, this planning proposal seeks to:

Item 1: Coolamon Light Industrial Zone

Make amendments to the Coolamon LEP 2011 Land Zoning Map Sheet LZN_003G and Lot Size Map Sheet LSZ_003G to rezone approximately 4 hectares of land at Lot 2 DP 838319 Wade Street, Coolamon from SP2 Infrastructure zoning to IN2 Light Industrial zoning with a 2,000 m2 minimum lot size (See Figure 1) to facilitate the provision of industrial and employment land within the LGA.



Figure 1: Location of proposed IN2 Light Industrial Zone in Coolamon

The Coolamon LEP 2011 does not currently include any IN2 Light Industrial Zone land therefore the planning proposal will also insert the following land use table (mandated Objectives and Land Uses under Standard Instrument LEP highlighted in red).

IN2 Light Industrial

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide a wide range of light industrial, warehouse and related land uses.
- To encourage employment opportunities and to support the viability of centres.
- To minimise any adverse effect of industry on other land uses.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of workers in the area.
- To support and protect industrial land for industrial uses.

2 Permitted without consent

Home businesses; Home occupations; Roads.

3 Permitted with consent

Depots; Funeral homes; Garden centres; Hardware and building supplies; Industrial training facilities; Kiosks; Landscaping material supplies; Light industries; Liquid fuel depots; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Plant nurseries; Recreation facility (Indoor), Rural supplies; Self-storage units; Take away food and drink premises; Tankbased aquaculture; Timber yards; Vehicle repair station, Vehicle sales or hire premises; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres.

4 Prohibited

Agriculture; Airports; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Biosolids treatment facilities; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Centre-based child care facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Eco-tourist facilities; Educational establishments; Entertainment facilities; Farm buildings; Forestry; Function centres; Health services facilities; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Heavy industries; Home-based child care; Home occupations (sex services); Information and education facilities; Livestock processing industries; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Residential accommodation; Respite day care centres; Sawmill or log processing works; Stock and sale yards; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Water recreation structures; Wharf or boating facilities. Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3.

Item 2: Reduce Maximum Floor Area for Secondary Dwellings

To amend subclause 5.4 (9) (b) 'Controls relating to miscellaneous permissible uses' to ensure that the floor area for secondary dwelling does not exceed 33% of the total floor area of the principal dwelling.

Clause 5.4 (9) currently provides:

Secondary dwellings

If development for the purposes of a secondary dwelling is permitted under this Plan, the total floor area of the dwelling (excluding any area used for parking) must not exceed whichever of the following is the greater:

- (a) 60 square metres,
- (b) 100% of the total floor area of the principal dwelling.

Proposed Clause 5.4 (9):

Secondary dwellings

If development for the purposes of a secondary dwelling is permitted under this Plan, the total floor area of the dwelling (excluding any area used for parking) must not exceed whichever of the following is the greater:

- (a) 60 square metres,
- (b) 33% of the total floor area of the principal dwelling.

Item 3: Insert New Model Clause – Permit Subdivision for Permitted Uses in Rural Zones

To insert a new Model LEP clause to make provision for exceptions to minimum lot sizes in RU1 Primary Production Zone and RU4 Primary Production Small Lots Zone to enable the subdivision of land to create lots of an appropriate size to meet the needs of current permissible uses other than for the purpose of a dwelling house or dual occupancy.

Exceptions to minimum lot sizes for certain rural subdivisions

- (1) The objective of this clause is to enable the subdivision of land in certain rural areas to an appropriate size to meet the needs of current permissible uses other than for the purpose of dwelling houses or dual occupancies.
- (2) This clause applies to land in the following zones:
 - (a) Zone RU1 Primary Production,
 - (b) Zone RU4 Primary Production Small Lots.
- (3) Land to which this clause applies may, with development consent, be subdivided to create a lot of a size that is less than the minimum lot size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land, if the consent authority is satisfied that the use of the land after the subdivision will be the same use (other than for a dwelling house or a dual occupancy) permitted under the existing development consent for the land.
- (4) Development consent must not be granted for the subdivision of land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that:
 - (a) the subdivision will not adversely affect the use of the surrounding land for agriculture, and
 - (b) the subdivision is necessary for the ongoing operation of the permissible use, and
 - (c) the subdivision will not increase rural land use conflict in the locality, and
 - (d) the subdivision is appropriate having regard to the natural and physical constraints affecting the land.

Part 3 – Justification

This planning proposal attends to matters that are considered to be minor.

Justification includes:

Item 1: Coolamon Light Industrial Zone

Land identified for re - zoning is required as a result of the need to provide light industrial land within the Township of Coolamon, there is currently no such land use zoning within the LGA and Council has seen an increase in development types that would be more suited within such a zone.

One parcel (1) parcel of land has been identified for rezoning as a result of Council recently purchasing some SP2 Infrastructure Land (Railway) from Transport for NSW. It is proposed that the land be rezoned from SP2 Infrastructure to IN2 Light Industrial land.

The minimum lot size proposed for the subject land identified in this planning proposal is 2000 m2 and is identified in the proposed re-zoning map - this applies to the item in table 1 below. A 2000 m2 proposed MLS is considered to be of a size that promotes and facilitates the location of those land uses permitted under the proposed land use table at a scale appropriate for the locality.

Table 1: Land Use Zoning Map Amendments

Location	Property	Land use	Current	Amended	Min. Lot
			Zoning	Zoning	Size
Wade Street,	Lot: 2 DP: 838319	Vacant – Railway	SP2	IN2 Light	2000m2
Coolamon		Infrastructure Land	Infrastructure	Industrial	

Justification

The Township of Coolamon has over a period of time witnessed a significant increase in development types such as mechanics (vehicle repair station), cabinet / joinery makers, plumbers and other trades (light industrial), landscaping businesses (landscape and garden supplies) seeking to establish their respective developments on land that is zoned RU5 Village or RU4 Rural Small Holdings. Whilst the scale of some of these businesses may, in some instance, be carried out under a Home Business or Home Industry Land Use definition, it is considered for such developments that do not meet relevant LEP controls, the provision of light industrial land would be more appropriate and suitable and serve to reduce the potential for any land use conflict.

Justification includes:

- There is currently no land zoned IN2 Light industrial under the Coolamon Local Environmental Plan 2011 (CLEP2011).
- There are no natural or man-made hazards present on the land. The land is not flood prone, bush fire prone nor is it considered to be potentially contaminated.
- Since the gazettal of the CLEP 2011 there has been an increasing number of development types such as mechanics (vehicle repair station), cabinet / joinery makers, plumbers and other trades (light industrial), landscaping businesses (landscape and garden supplies) seeking to establish their respective developments on land that is zoned RU5 Village or RU4 Rural Small Holdings. To date and where appropriate such developments have been carried out under the banner of Home Business or Home Industry.

- An opportunity to purchase vacant SP2 Infrastructure Land presented itself to council in a prime location that is considered to be most suitable for light industrial land development.
- The rezoning of such land is considered to present an ideal opportunity to provide for a zone within the LGA that can more appropriately house light industrial land uses.
- The changes do not have any adverse economic, environmental or social impacts as they are not policy changes, in fact the rezoning would promote positive triple bottom line outcomes within and for the LGA.
- Whilst the new light industrial zone is proposed adjacent to an existing RU5 Village Zone and adjoins existing residential land uses, Council considers that given the buffer of approximately 40 metres from proposed lot boundary of new zone with existing RU5 property zone lines, combined with the proposed 'permitted' industrial land use types in land use table, there will be no land use conflict promotion.

Strategic Context

The Planning Proposal would make minor, but important amendments to the CLEP 2011 that would provide for some much needed light industrial zoned land within the LGA. These changes are important to ensure that the CLEP remains contemporary and meets the requirements of future land owners, the wider community and Council's overall Strategic land use direction.

Relationship to Riverina Murray Regional Plan 2036

The planning proposal is considered to be consistent with the Riverina Murray Regional Plan 2036 (RMRP). Council considers that the following directions are most relevant to the rezoning component of the planning proposal:

- Direction 4: Promote business activities in industrial and commercial areas. The creation of IN2 Light Industrial land will make provision for industrial land development opportunities in the LGA that is currently not provided for and ensure that such land uses are conducted on land zoned for such purposes, thus avoiding the land use conflict opportunities that arise with such uses being carried out in other zones.
- Direction 6: Promote the expansion of education and training opportunities. The creation of IN2 Land will result in employment opportunities within the LGA for trade based employment types and facilitate the training of apprentices in such trades.
- Direction 23: Build Resilience in towns and villages. The rezoning component of the planning proposal will create opportunity for development to be carried out in a zone dedicated and compatible with such uses and which can be used to support the sustainability of existing towns and villages. It is considered that by providing additional development opportunities, opportunities will be created that will allow villages and communities to become more robust and

economically diverse and will contribute to the growth and prosperity of village / regional areas.

State Environmental Planning Policy 55

Complies.

The SEPP requires Council to consider contamination of land as part of a rezoning application. The site is not listed on Councils potentially contaminated land register, however, a report has been prepared by McMahon Earth Sciences and is attached to the planning proposal.

The report concludes that there is no qualitative or quantitative evidence of previous contaminating activities nor gross surface or subsurface soil contamination on site.

McMahon assesses that the site is suitable for development as commercial/industrial land.

Applicable S 9.1 Directions

Table 2: S 9.1 Direction Response to each Land Use Zoning Map Amendment

S. 9.1 Direction Applying	Issues	Consistent?
1.1 Business and Industrial Zones	No	Yes.
		The rezoning
		supports the
		objectives of the
		direction and will
		serve to encourage
		employment
		growth in a
		suitable location,
		and support the
		viability of
		identified centres
		(Coolamon).
3.4 Integrated Land Use and Transport	No	Yes.
		The rezoning of the
		subject land will
		result in the
		location of light
		industrial land uses
		on land in a central
		location within the
		township of
		Coolamon. The
		location of the
		rezoning and
		provision of light
		industrial land will
		improve access to
		jobs and services
		by walking, cycling
		and public

		transport and serve
		to reduce
		dependence on
		cars.
4.3 Flood Prone Land	No	Yes.
		The land is not
		flood prone.
4.4 Planning for Bush Fire Protection	No	Yes.
		The land is not
		bushfire prone.
5.10 Implementation of Regional Plans	No	Yes.
		The proposed
'Riverina Murray Regional Plan 2036'		amendment is
		consistent with this
		objective, which is
		to give legal effect
		to the vision, land
		use strategy,
		policies, outcomes
		and actions
		contained in
		regional strategies.
		It is considered
		that this
		component of the
		planning proposal
		is consistent with
		the following:
		Direction 4:
		Promote business
		activities in
		industrial and
		commercial areas.
		The creation of IN2
		Light Industrial land
		will make provision
		for industrial land
		development
		opportunities in
		the LGA that are
		currently not
		provided for and
		ensure that such
		land uses are
		conducted on land
		zoned for such
		purposes, thus
		avoiding the land
		use conflict
		opportunities that
		arise with such
		uses being carried
		out in other zones.

Direction 6: Promote the expansion of education and training opportunities. The creation of IN2 Land will result in employment opportunities within the LGA for trade based employment types and facilitate the training of apprentices in such trades. Direction 23: Build Resilience in towns and villages. The rezoning component of the planning proposal will create opportunity for development to be carried out in a zone dedicated and compatible with such uses and which can be used to support the sustainability of existing towns and villages. It is considered that by providing additional development opportunities, opportunities will be created that will allow villages and communities to become more robust and economically diverse and will contribute to the growth and prosperity of Coolamon and the wider region. 6.1 Local Plan Making No Yes.

The rezoning is
consistent with the
objectives of the
direction and it is
considered that the
rezoning and
corresponding land
use table provide
LEP provisions that
encourage the
efficient and
appropriate
assessment of
development.

Recommendation

Endorse the land use zoning map amendments.

Item 2: Reduce Maximum Floor Area for Secondary

Amending the development standards associated with Secondary Dwellings to ensure that the use of such development types remains consistent with the land use definition.

Justification

It has been identified that there is a need to amend the development standards contained in Clause 5.4 (9) of the CLEP 2011 associated with Secondary Dwellings to ensure that the use of such development types remains consistent with the land use definition.

The need to amend the clause is required to reduce the size of secondary dwellings that are allowed on land as Council has recently seen a proliferation of developments that, whilst currently in compliance with current standards under the clause, would be more appropriately defined as 'dual occupancies'.

Strategic Context

The Planning Proposal would make minor, but important amendments to the CLEP 2011. These changes are important to ensure that the CLEP remains contemporary and meets the requirements of the land owners, the wider community and Council's overall Strategic land use direction.

Relationship to Riverina Murray Regional Plan 2036

The planning proposal is considered to be consistent with the Riverina Murray Regional Plan 2036 (RMRP). Council considers that the following directions are most relevant to the rezoning component of the planning proposal:

Direction 1: Protect the regions diverse and productive agricultural land. The planning proposal does not detract from or adversely affect agricultural production in

the locality and is considered to promote a consistent approach to land uses in the RU4 Primary Production Small Lots Zones in the region. Reducing the permissible floor area for secondary dwellings will reduce potential land use conflict with adjoining RU1 Agricultural land that may arise by virtue of increased population densities on rural residential land adjoining agricultural land.

Direction 27: Manage rural residential development. It is agreed that a consistent planning approach is required to ensure that rural residential development does not increase pressures on infrastructure and services. Rural Residential land should also avoid the potential to create land use pressure on adjoining and neighbouring agricultural land. The planning proposal seeks to reduce the size of secondary dwellings that are currently allowed to be located on rural residential land that is considered satisfactory with these objectives.

Applicable S 9.1 Directions

Table 3: S 9.1 Direction Response to Reducing Maximum Floor Area for Secondary

S. 9.1 Direction Applying	Issues	Consistent?
1.2 Rural Zone	No.	Yes.
		The proposed
		amendment to the
		secondary dwelling
		size clause is not
		inconsistent with
		the objective of
		this direction and
		will not impinge on
		the agricultural
		production value of
		rural land.
1.5 Rural Land	No.	The proposed
		amendment to the
		secondary dwelling
		size clause is
		consistent with the
		objectives of this
		direction and
		serves to protect
		rural land by
		ensuring
		appropriately sized
		secondary
		dwellings are
		located on such
		land.
3.1 Residential Zones	No.	Yes.
		The proposed
		amendment to the
		clause will remain
		consistent with the

objectives of this direction. The clause will still ensure that there is a variety and choice of housing types to provide for existing and future housing needs within the LGA. Secondary dwellings by their very definition assist in promoting the efficient use of existing infrastructure and services and ensure that new housing has appropriate access to infrastructure and the amendment will not after this. 3.4 Integrated Land Use and Transport No. Yes. The proposed amendment is consistent with the objectives of this direction. Ves. Council does not foresee there being any inconsistency with this direction. In the event that a development application is lodged on flood affected land, Council will ensure that the objectives of the direction are complied with i.e. ensuring that development affected land, Council will ensure that the objectives of the direction are complied with i.e. ensuring that development affected land food prone land is consistent with the NSW Government's Flood prone Land Policy and the principles of the floodplain Development Development Development			
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Flood Prone Land Policy and the principles of the Floodplain			
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principles of the Floodplain			
Floodplain			•
			-
			Floodplain

		Manual 2005, and
		ensure that the
		flood related
		provisions of the
		CLEP 2011 are
		complied with.
4.4 Planning for Bush Fire Protection	No.	Yes.
		Council does not
		foresee there being
		any inconsistency
		with this direction.
		In the event that a
		development
		application is
		lodged on bush fire
		prone land, Council
		will ensure that the
		objectives of the
		direction are
		complied with i.e.
		encourage the
		sound
		management of
		any development
		on bush fire prone
		land.
5.10 Implementation of Regional Plans	No.	Yes.
		The proposed
'Riverina Murray Regional Plan 2036'		amendment is
		consistent with this
		objective, which is
		to give legal effect
		to the vision, land
		use strategy,
		policies, outcomes
		policies, outcomes and actions
		policies, outcomes and actions contained in
		policies, outcomes and actions contained in regional strategies.
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		policies, outcomes and actions contained in regional strategies. It is considered that this component of the planning proposal is consistent with the following: Direction 1 Protect the regions diverse and productive agricultural land. The planning proposal does not

		1
		production in the
		locality. Reducing
		the permissible
		floor area for
		secondary
		dwellings will
		reduce potential
		land use conflicts
		on agricultural and
		rural residential
		land.
		Direction 27
		Manage rural
		residential
		development. It is
		agreed that a
		consistent planning
		approach is
		required to ensure
		that rural
		residential
		development does
		not increase
		pressures on
		infrastructure and
		services. Rural
		Residential land
		should also avoid
		the potential to
		create land use
		pressure on
		adjoining and
		neighbouring
		agricultural land.
		The planning
		proposal seeks to
		reduce the size of
		secondary
		dwellings that are
		currently allowed
		to be located on
		rural residential
		land and is
		considered to be
		consistent with the
		Directions
		objectives.
6.1 Local Plan Making	No.	Yes.
		The amendment to
		clause 5.4 (9) of the
		CLEP 2011 is
		consistent with the
		objectives of the
		direction and it is

considered that the
amendment does
not remove
existing provisions
that encourage the
efficient and
appropriate
assessment of
development.

Recommendation

To amend Clause 5.4 (9) 'Secondary dwellings' to read:

If development for the purposes of a secondary dwelling is permitted under this Plan, the total floor area of the dwelling (excluding any area used for parking) must not exceed whichever of the following is the greater:

- (a) 60 square metres,
- (b) 33% of the total floor area of the principal dwelling.

Item 3: Insert New Model Clause – Permit Subdivision for Permitted Uses in Rural Zones

Insert new LEP clause to make provision for exceptions to minimum lot sizes for certain rural subdivisions to enable the subdivision of land in certain rural areas to an appropriate size to meet the needs of current permissible uses other than for the purpose of dwelling houses or dual occupancies.

Justification

The Coolamon Local Environmental Plan (CLEP) currently does not contain provisions that allow the subdivision of rural land for lots sizes less than the mandated minimum lot sizes prescribed for rural zones. It has become apparent that at times there exist a genuine need to facilitate the subdivision of rural land at a size less than the minimum lot size i.e. for the provision of infrastructure, mining activities, electricity generating works. A clause is required to ensure subdivisions that are associated with an approved permitted use other than for a dwelling are able to be carried out.

Strategic Context

The Planning Proposal would make minor, but important amendments to the CLEP 2011. These changes are important to ensure that the CLEP remains contemporary and meets the requirements of the land owners, the wider community and Council's overall Strategic land use direction.

Relationship to Riverina Murray Regional Plan 2036

The planning proposal is considered to be consistent with the Riverina Murray Regional Plan 2036 (RMRP). Council considers that the following directions are most relevant to the rezoning component of the planning proposal:

Direction 1: The inclusion of an 'Exceptions to Minimum Lot Sizes for Rural Subdivisions' is designed to enable the subdivision of land in certain rural areas to an appropriate size to meet the needs of current permissible uses other than for the purpose of dwelling houses or dual occupancies and as such will not be still ensure the protection the regions diverse and productive agricultural land.

Applicable S 9.1 Directions

Section 9.1 Directions Applying Proposed New Model Clause

Table 4: S 9.1 Direction Response to Proposed New Model Clause

S. 9.1 Direction Applying	Issues	Consistent?
1.2 Rural Zone	No.	Yes.
		Council considers
		that the insertion
		of the proposed
		clause is not
		inconsistent with
		the objective of
		this direction, to
		protect the
		agricultural
		production value of
		rural land.
		The clause will
		ensure subdivision
		in rural zones
		which is associated
		with an approved
		permitted use
		other than for a
		dwelling can occur.
1.5 Rural Land	No.	Yes.
		The clause is
		considered to be
		consistent with the
		objectives of this
		direction,
		specifically it will
		facilitate the
		orderly and
		economic use and
		development of
		rural lands for rural
		and related
		purposes.
4.3 Flood Prone Land	No.	Yes.

		1
		Council does not
		foresee there being
		any inconsistency
		with this direction.
		In the event that a
		development
		application for
		subdivision of land
		in a rural zone is
		lodged on flood
		affected land,
		Council will ensure
		that the objectives
		of the direction are
		complied with i.e.
		ensuring that
		development of
		flood prone land is
		consistent with the
		NSW Government's
		Flood Prone Land
		Policy and the
		principles of the
		Floodplain
		Development
		Manual 2005.
4.4 Planning for Bush Fire Protection	No.	Yes.
4.4 Planning for Bush Fire Protection	INO.	Council does not
		foresee there being
		_
		any inconsistency with this direction.
		In the event that a
		development
		application for subdivision is
		lodged on bush fire
		prone land, Council
		will ensure that the
		objectives of the
		direction are
		complied with i.e.
		encourage the
		sound
		management of
•		any development
		any development on bush fire prone
		any development on bush fire prone land.
5.10 Implementation of Regional Plans	No.	any development on bush fire prone land. The proposed
	No.	any development on bush fire prone land. The proposed amendment is
5.10 Implementation of Regional Plans 'Riverina Murray Regional Plan 2036'	No.	any development on bush fire prone land. The proposed amendment is consistent with the
	No.	any development on bush fire prone land. The proposed amendment is consistent with the objectives of this
	No.	any development on bush fire prone land. The proposed amendment is consistent with the

The amendment to
clause 5.4 (9) of the
CLEP 2011 is
consistent with the
objectives of the
direction and it is
considered that the
amendment does
not remove
existing provisions
that encourage the
efficient and
appropriate
assessment of
development.

Recommendation

Insert the following new clause in the CLEP:

Exceptions to minimum lot sizes for certain rural subdivisions

- (1) The objective of this clause is to enable the subdivision of land in certain rural areas to an appropriate size to meet the needs of current permissible uses other than for the purpose of dwelling houses or dual occupancies.
- (2) This clause applies to land in the following zones:
 - (a) Zone RU1 Primary Production,
 - (b) Zone RU4 Primary Production Small Lots.
- (3) Land to which this clause applies may, with development consent, be subdivided to create a lot of a size that is less than the minimum lot size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land, if the consent authority is satisfied that the use of the land after the subdivision will be the same use (other than for a dwelling house or a dual occupancy) permitted under the existing development consent for the land.
- (4) Development consent must not be granted for the subdivision of land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that:
 - (a) the subdivision will not adversely affect the use of the surrounding land for agriculture, and
 - (b) the subdivision is necessary for the ongoing operation of the permissible use, and
 - (c) the subdivision will not increase rural land use conflict in the locality, and
 - (d) the subdivision is appropriate having regard to the natural and physical constraints affecting the land.

Part 4 – Mapping

Item 1 of this planning proposal will require amendments to the Land Zoning Map sheet LZN_003G and the Lot Size Map Sheet LSZ_003G to change the zone and lot size applying to Lot 2 DP 838319 (See Figure 1) from SP2 Infrastructure Zone with a nil minimum lot size to IN2 Light Industrial Zone with a 2,000 square metre minimum lot size.

Part 5 - Community Consultation

The Gateway Determination will confirm community consultation requirements. It is likely that the Proposal will be exhibited for a period of not less than 28 days.

Public exhibition of the planning proposal will include notification on the Coolamon Shire Council website, notification in the newspapers that circulate widely in the area (Wagga Wagga Daily Advertiser and the Temora Independent) and in writing to affected and adjacent landowners. Information relating to the planning proposal will also be on display at the following Coolamon Shire Council customer service centre:

Coolamon Shire Council Office 55 Cowabbie Street COOLAMON, NSW, 2701

Part 6 - Timeline

The Project Timeline will assist with tracking the progress of the planning proposal through the various stages of consultation and approval. It is estimated that this amendment to Coolamon Shire Council Local Environmental Plan 2011 will be completed by April 2020.

Council requests delegation to carry out certain plan-making functions in relation to this proposal. Delegation would be exercised by Council's General Manager or Executive Manager Development and Environmental Services.

Key Stages of Consultation and Approval	Estimated Timeframe	
STAGE 1 – Submit planning proposal to the Department	November 2019	
STAGE 2 – Receive Gateway Determination	December 2019	
STAGE 3 – Preparation of documentation for Public Exhibition	December 2019	
STAGE 4 – Public Exhibition of the planning proposal	January – February 2020	
STAGE 5 – Review/consideration of submissions received	February – March 2020	
STAGE 6 – Council Report	April 2020	
STAGE 7 – Meetings	April 2020	
STAGE 8 – Forward planning proposal to Department of Planning and Infrastructure with	April – May 2020	
request amendment is made		
STAGE 9 – Date Council will make the Plan (if delegated), including any required	May – June 2020	
consultation with the Parliamentary Counsel		
STAGE 10 – Anticipated date Council will forward Plan to the Department for notification	June – July 2020	

Attachments

Attachment 1: Council Report

COOLAMON SHIRE COUNCIL LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2011 MINOR AMENDMENTS

Summary

This report requests Council to resolve to prepare a planning proposal to rezone land, amend Clause 5.4 controls for secondary dwellings, and insert a new LEP clause to make provision for Exceptions to Minimum Lot Sizes for Rural Subdivisions within Coolamon LEP 2011.

Background

The Township of Coolamon has over a period of time witnessed a significant increase in development types such as mechanics (vehicle repair station), cabinet / joinery makers, plumbers

and other trades (light industrial), landscaping businesses (landscape and garden supplies) seeking to establish their respective developments on land that is zoned RU5 Village or RU4 Rural Small Holdings. Whilst the scale of some of these businesses may be carried out under a Home Business or Home Industry Land Use definition, it is considered for such developments that do not meet relevant LEP controls, the provision of light industrial land would be more appropriate and suitable and serve to reduce the potential for any land use conflict. One component of the Planning proposal is too rezone land from SP2 Infrastructure to IN2 Light Industrial.

Staff have also identified the need to amend the Secondary Dwelling standards contained under Clause 5.4 (9) of the CLEP. The need to amend the clause is required to reduce the size of secondary dwellings that are allowed on land as Council has recently seen a proliferation of developments that, whilst currently in compliance with current standards under the clause, would be more appropriately defined as 'dual occupancies'- in that the size of the secondary dwelling is the same size of the existing dwelling located on the site.

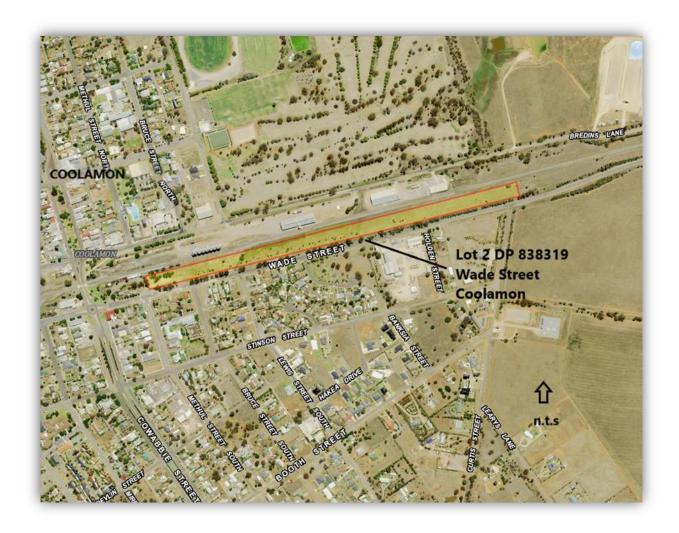
The Coolamon Local Environmental Plan (CLEP) currently does not contain provisions that allow the subdivision of rural land for lots sizes less than the mandated minimum lot sizes prescribed for rural zones. It has become apparent that at times there exist a genuine need to facilitate the subdivision of rural land at a size less than the minimum lot size i.e. for the provision of infrastructure, mining activities, electricity generating works. A clause is required to ensure subdivisions that are associated with an approved permitted use other than for a dwelling are able to be carried out.

This planning proposal attends to matters that are considered to be minor and the structure of the Planning Proposal is as follows:

- Zoning Map Amendments
- Clause 5.4 Secondary Dwelling Amendment; and
- Proposed New LEP Clause for Exceptions to Minimum Lot Size for Rural Subdivision.

Zoning Map Amendments

One parcel (1) parcel of land has been identified for rezoning as a result of Council recently purchasing some SP2 Infrastructure Land (Railway) from Transport for NSW. It is proposed that the land be rezoned from SP2 Infrastructure to IN2 Light Industrial land.



The re zoning is considered to be relatively minor and appropriate for the subject land as;

- There is currently no land zoned IN2 Light industrial under the Coolamon Local Environmental Plan 2011 (CLEP2011).
- There are no natural or man-made hazards present on the land.
- Since the gazettal of the CLEP 2011 there has been an increasing number of development types such as mechanics (vehicle repair station), cabinet / joinery makers, plumbers and other trades (light industrial), landscaping businesses (landscape and garden supplies) seeking to establish their respective developments on land that is zoned RU5 Village or RU4 Rural Small Holdings. To date and where appropriate such developments have been carried out under the banner of Home Business or Home Industry.
- An opportunity to purchase vacant SP2 Infrastructure Land has availed itself to council in a prime location that is considered to be most suitable for light industrial land development.
- The rezoning of such land is considered to present an ideal opportunity to provide for a zone within the LGA that can more appropriately house light industrial land uses.
- The changes do not have any adverse economic, environmental or social impacts as they are not policy changes, in fact the rezoning would promote positive triple bottom line outcomes within and for the LGA.

Table 1: Land Use Zoning Map Amendments

Location	Property	Land use	Current	Amended	Min. Lot
			Zoning	Zoning	Size

Wade Street,	Lot: 2 DP: 838319	Vacant – Railway	SP2	IN2 Light	
Coolamon		Infrastructure Land	Infrastructure	Industrial	2000m2

The Coolamon LEP 2011 does not currently include any IN2 Light Industrial Zone land therefore planning proposal will also insert the following land use table (mandated Objectives and land uses under Standard Instrument LEP highlighted in red).

IN2 Light Industrial

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide a wide range of light industrial, warehouse and related land uses.
- To encourage employment opportunities and to support the viability of centres.
- To minimise any adverse effect of industry on other land uses.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of workers in the area.
- To support and protect industrial land for industrial uses.

2 Permitted without consent

Home businesses; Home occupations; Roads.

3 Permitted with consent

Depots; Funeral homes; Garden centres; Hardware and building supplies; Industrial training facilities; Kiosks; Landscaping material supplies; Light industries; Liquid fuel depots; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Plant nurseries; Recreation facility (Indoor), Rural supplies; Self-storage units; Take away food and drink premises; Tankbased aquaculture; Timber yards; Vehicle repair station, Vehicle sales or hire premises; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres.

4 Prohibited

Agriculture; Airports; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Biosolids treatment facilities; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Centre-based child care facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Eco-tourist facilities; Educational establishments; Entertainment facilities; Farm buildings; Forestry; Function centres; Health services facilities; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Heavy industries; Home-based child care; Home occupations (sex services); Information and education facilities; Livestock processing industries; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Residential accommodation; Respite day care centres; Sawmill or log processing works; Stock and sale yards; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Water recreation structures; Wharf or boating facilities. Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3.

Clause 5.4 Controls for Secondary Dwellings

It has been identified that there is a need to amend the development standards contained in Clause 5.4 (9) of the CLEP 2011 associated with Secondary Dwellings to ensure that the use of such development types remains consistent with the land use definition.

The need to amend the clause is required to reduce the size of secondary dwellings that are allowed on land as Council has recently seen a proliferation of developments that, whilst currently in compliance with current standards under the clause, would be more appropriately defined as 'dual occupancies'.

Clause 5.4 (9) currently provides:

Secondary dwellings

If development for the purposes of a secondary dwelling is permitted under this Plan, the total floor area of the dwelling (excluding any area used for parking) must not exceed whichever of the following is the greater:

- (a) 60 square metres,
- (b) 100% of the total floor area of the principal dwelling.

Proposed Clause 5.4 (9):

Secondary dwellings

If development for the purposes of a secondary dwelling is permitted under this Plan, the total floor area of the dwelling (excluding any area used for parking) must not exceed whichever of the following is the greater:

- (a) 60 square metres,
- (b) 33% of the total floor area of the principal dwelling.

Recommendation

To amend Clause 5.4 (9) 'Secondary dwellings' to read:

If development for the purposes of a secondary dwelling is permitted under this Plan, the total floor area of the dwelling (excluding any area used for parking) must not exceed whichever of the following is the greater:

- (a) 60 square metres,
- (b) 33% of the total floor area of the principal dwelling.

New CLEP Clause

The Coolamon Local Environmental Plan 2011 (CLEP) does not currently contain provisions that allow the subdivision of rural land for lots sizes less than the mandated minimum lot sizes prescribed for rural zones. It has become apparent that at times there exist a genuine need to facilitate the subdivision of rural land at a size less than the minimum lot size i.e. for the provision of infrastructure, mining activities, electricity generating works. A clause is required to ensure subdivisions that are associated with an approved permitted use other than for a dwelling are able to be carried out.

Recommendation

Insert the following new clause in the CLEP:

Exceptions to minimum lot sizes for certain rural subdivisions

- (1) The objective of this clause is to enable the subdivision of land in certain rural areas to an appropriate size to meet the needs of current permissible uses other than for the purpose of dwelling houses or dual occupancies.
- (2) This clause applies to land in the following zones:
 - (a) Zone RU1 Primary Production,
 - (b) Zone RU4 Primary Production Small Lots.
- (3) Land to which this clause applies may, with development consent, be subdivided to create a lot of a size that is less than the minimum lot size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land, if the consent authority is satisfied that the use of the land after the subdivision will be the same use (other than for a dwelling house or a dual occupancy) permitted under the existing development consent for the land.
- (4) Development consent must not be granted for the subdivision of land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that:
 - (a) the subdivision will not adversely affect the use of the surrounding land for agriculture, and
 - (b) the subdivision is necessary for the ongoing operation of the permissible use, and
 - (c) the subdivision will not increase rural land use conflict in the locality, and
 - (d) the subdivision is appropriate having regard to the natural and physical constraints affecting the land.

Consultation

There has been no public consultation on these proposed changes as yet. With Council approval, there will be a formal public exhibition period if the planning proposal proceeds past the Department of Planning's Gateway process.

Staff have had informal discussions with Officers from the NSW Department of Planning and Environment who have raised no objections to the proposal.

Conclusion

The proposed amendments to CLEP 2011 detailed in this report are considered to be of a minor nature. The rezoning component will introduce a much needed light industrial zone within the LGA and promote the ability for appropriate development types to be located on the subject land. The proposed changes to the development standards associated with secondary dwellings will ensure that such developments remain subservient to primary dwellings located on such land and reduce potential land use conflict with adjoining land uses. The introduction of an 'Exceptions to minimum lot sizes for certain rural subdivisions' clause will ensure that subdivisions in rural zones that are associated with an approved permitted use other than for a dwelling are able to be carried out.

Next Steps

Following endorsement by Council, the Planning Proposal will be forwarded to the Department of Planning and Infrastructure seeking a Gateway determination to proceed with the amendment. The Gateway decision will set out requirements for any additional investigations, consultations and the timing of any required changes to the CLEP 2011.

Recommendation

That Council:

- a. receive and note the report
- b. forward the group planning proposal to the Department of Planning and Environment under section 3.34 (1), requesting that the Minister issue a "gateway determination" that will allow the planning proposal to proceed.

Attachments

• Draft Planning Proposal to be submitted to NSW Department of Planning and Infrastructure.

See MINUTES AND RESOLUTION ATTACHED.